

PF040024

## Listing and Amendments to the Claims

- 1. (currently amended) Imager sequential illumination system comprising:
- a source emitting towards the imager a polychromatic light beam in the a wavelength region comprising at least three primary colors colors.
- a device for scrolling <u>colored</u> coloured segments comprising at least three transmissive or reflective segments, the <u>said</u> scrolling device making it possible to scroll the <u>said</u> segments over the optical path of the <u>said</u> polychromatic light beam so that they successively cut the direction of propagation of the <u>said</u> beam in the case where the segments are transmissive, or so that they successively reflect the <u>said</u> beam in the case where the segments are reflective, the <u>said</u> segments being of different <u>colors</u>, <u>colours</u> and each <u>segment</u> having a hue, a saturation, a transmissivity or a reflectivity, and a size that <u>is are</u> suitable for obtaining a <u>colored</u> beam exhibiting a <u>primary color with a reference hue when it is scrolled over the optical path of the polychromatic light they seroll sequentially through the said zone of transmission of the beam.</u>

wherein the <u>colored</u> ecleured segments are distributed in the <u>said</u> scrolling device in an order such that the differences of energies <u>between any two successive colored beams that follow</u> <u>one another perceived by the visual system of a standard observer (visual stimuli), during the intersegment transitions, when the segments scroll over the optical path of the <u>polychromatice light said</u> beam, are the least variable possible, the energies being defined as perceived by the visual system of a standard observer.</u>

2. (currently amended) <u>The illumination</u> <u>Illumination</u> system according to Claim 1, wherein the <u>colored</u> <u>colored</u> segments are distributed in an order such that the sum of the <u>said</u> differences of energies <u>perceived by the visual system of an observer during the various transitions</u> between any two successive <u>colored beams</u> <u>segmenter</u> is minimized.

- 3. (currently amended) <u>The illumination</u> system according to Claim 2, wherein the scrolling device comprises several segments of like <u>color</u> colour so as to reduce the mean differences of excitation energies by distributing them over several intersegment transitions.
- 4. (currently amended) The illumination system according to Claim 3, wherein the scrolling device comprises a different number of segments of primary or recompounded colors colours so as to reduce the mean differences of excitation energies by distributing them over several intersegment transitions.
- 5. (currently amended) The illumination system according to Claim 1, wherein the said device for scrolling colored coloured segments comprises a color colour wheel comprising at least three transmissive or reflective segments, the said wheel being mounted on means of rotation so as to scroll the said segments over the said optical path of the said light beam.
- 6. (currently amended) Method of design of a <u>color colour</u> wheel for an imager <u>color</u> colour sequential illumination system, <u>comprising</u>

the step of providing the said wheel having comprising at least three transmissive and/or reflective segments that are suitable for obtaining successive beams of different colors when the segments scroll sequentially through a zone of transmission of an illumintation beam, the said segments being of different or identical colors, colours and each segment having a hue, a saturation, a transmissivity or a reflectivity, and a size that is are suitable for obtaining a colored beam exhibiting a reference hue when it crosses the they seroll sequentially through a zone of transmission of the an illumination beam, wherein it comprises

a step of measuring the excitation energies <u>of each colored beam</u> induced by the various segments in the visual system of an observer, and

a step of distributing the <u>colored</u> colored segments over the said <u>color</u> color color wheel in an order such that the differences of <u>measured</u> successive excitation energies <u>between any two</u> successive colored beams that follow one another of the visual system of a standard

PF040024

observer (visual stimuli), during the intersegment transitions, when the segments scroll in the order through the eaid transmission zone, are the least variable possible.

- 7. (currently amended) The method Method according to Claim 6, wherein for a color colour wheel furnished with a determined number of segments each having a determined dimension and making it possible to obtain a determined global color colour temperature, the distributing of the segments over the said wheel is carried out in such a way that the sum of the said differences of energies between any two successive colored beams perceived by the visual system of an observer, when the segments scroll through the said transmission zone, is the lowest possible.
- 8. (currently amended) Device of <u>colored</u> <u>colored</u> segments comprising a plurality of juxtaposed zones of different <u>colors</u> <u>colors</u> <u>colores</u> making it possible to provide, by illumination of the various zones, beams of different <u>colors</u> <u>colores</u>, wherein the <u>said</u> zones of different <u>colors</u> <u>colores</u> are arranged in an order such that when they are successively illuminated according to the <u>said</u> order, the differences of energies <u>between any two successive colored beams that</u> <u>follow one another perceived by the visual system of a standard observer (visual stimuli), during the interzone transitions</u>, when the illumination passes from one zone to <u>another</u> the next zone <u>in said order</u>, are the least variable possible, the energies being defined as perceived by the visual system of a standard observer.
- 9. (currently amended) The device Device of colored coloured segments according to Claim 8, wherein the said zones of different colors colours are arranged in an order such that the sum of the said differences of energies between any two successive colored beams perceived by the visual system of an observer during the various transitions between successive zones, is the lowest possible.
- 10. (currently amended) The device Device of colored coloured segments according to Claim 8, wherein it comprises a color colour wheel.